## Denti-Cal California Medi-Cal Dental

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### This Issue:

P#1 California Medi-Cal Dental Program: Dental Periodicity Schedule for Children

#### **Training Seminars**

deserve an available spot for one of our open training seminars.

Seminar - Costa Mesa (D717) CLOSED Advanced - June 12, 2018 1:00pm - 5:00pm

Seminar - Costa Mesa (D718) CLOSED Basic & EDI - June 13, 2018 8:30am - 12:30pm

Seminar - Diamond Bar (D719) CLOSED Ortho - June 21, 2018

8:30am - 12:30pm

Provider Enrollment Assistance Line

Speak with an Enrollment Specialist.

Available every Wednesday 8am - 4pm

# California Medi-Cal Dental Program: Dental Periodicity Schedule for Children

Bulleti

Federal law governing the provision of dental services to children under Medicaid's Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment program requires that dental services be provided in accordance with a dental periodicity schedule. This schedule must recommend treatment intervals that meet reasonable standards of dental practice, as determined by the State after consultation with recognized dental organizations involved in child health care, and at such other intervals that are medically necessary to determine the existence of a suspected illness or condition. The Dental Periodicity Schedule provided below reflects the ages and intervals at which a child should receive specified dental services. The periodicity schedule is not an indication of when a referral should take place.

Following consultation with the California Dental Association, California Society of Pediatric Dentistry and the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry (AAPD), the Medi-Cal Dental Program elected in March 2010 to use a Periodicity Schedule recommended by the AAPD. The schedule is attached to this bulletin (reproduced with permission). The updated rationale supporting the procedures recommended in the Periodicity Schedule can be found on the AAPD website <u>http://www.aapd.org/policies/</u>. Although the Medi-Cal Dental Program supports the intervals recommended in the AAPD Periodicity Schedule, please be aware that the Medi-Cal Dental Program Manual of Criteria governs policy with respect to which procedures are benefits and the frequency at which they are allowable.

For questions, please contact the Denti-Cal Provider Service line at 1-800-423-0507.

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### Recommendations for Pediatric Oral Health Assessment, Preventive Services, and Anticipatory Guidance/Counseling

Since each child is unique, these recommendations are designed for the care of children who have no contributing medical conditions and are developing normally. These recommendations will need to be modified for children with special health care needs or if disease or trauma manifests variations from normal. The American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry (AAPD) emphasizes the importance of very early professional intervention and the continuity of care based on the individualized needs of the child. Refer to the text of this guideline for supporting information and references. Refer to the text in the Recommendations on the Periodicity of Examination, Preventive Dental Services, Anticipatory Guidance, and Oral Treatment for Infants, Children, and Adolescents (*www.aapd.org/policies/*) for supporting information and references.

AMERICA'S PEDIATRIC DENTISTS THE BIG AUTHORITY ON little teeth	AGE				
	6 TO 12 MONTHS	12 TO 24 MONTHS	2 TO 6 YEARS	6 TO 12 YEARS	12 YEARS AND OLDER
Clinical oral examination <sup>1</sup>	•	•	•	•	•
Assess oral growth and development <sup>2</sup>	•	•	•	•	•
Caries-risk assessment <sup>3</sup>	•	AN A	•	•	•
Radiographic assessment <sup>4</sup>	· 210		•	•	•
Prophylaxis and topical fluoride <sup>3,4</sup>	• 57	•	•	•	•
Fluoride supplementation <sup>5</sup>		•	<b>S</b>	•	•
Anticipatory guidance/counseling <sup>6</sup>		•	•  ~	•	•
Oral hygiene counseling <sup>7</sup>	Parent	Parent	Patient/parent	Patient/parent	Patient
Dietary counseling <sup>8</sup>	1.	•	<b> n</b>   •	•	•
Injury prevention counseling <sup>9</sup>	•	•	•	•	•
Counseling for nonnutritive habits <sup>10</sup>	•	• /	•	•	•
Counseling for speech/language development	•	•	•		
Assessment and treatment of developing malocclusion			•	•	•
Assessment for pit and fissure sealants <sup>11</sup>			•	•	•
Substance abuse counseling				•	•
Counseling for intraoral/perioral piercing				•	•
Assessment and/or removal of third molars					•
Transition to adult dental care					•

1 First examination at the eruption of the first tooth and no later than 12 months. Repeat every 6 months or as indicated by child's risk status/susceptibility to disease. Includes assessment of pathology and injuries.

- 2 By clinical examination.
- 3 Must be repeated regularly and frequently to maximize effectiveness.
- 4 Timing, selection, and frequency determined by child's history, clinical findings, and susceptibility to oral disease.
- 5 Consider when systemic fluoride exposure is suboptimal. Up to at least 16 years.
- 6 Appropriate discussion and counseling should be an integral part of each visit for care.
- 7 Initially, responsibility of parent; as child matures, jointly with parent; then, when indicated, only child.

- 8 At every appointment; initially discuss appropriate feeding practices, then the role of refined carbohydrates and frequency of snacking in caries development and childhood obesity.
- 9 Initially play objects, pacifiers, car seats; when learning to walk; then with sports and routine playing, including the importance of mouthguards.
- 10 At first, discuss the need for additional sucking: digits vs pacifiers; then the need to wean from the habit before malocclusion or skeletal dysplasia occurs. For school-aged children and adolescent patients, counsel regarding any existing habits such as fingernail biting, clenching, or bruxism.
- 11 For caries-susceptible primary molars, permanent molars, premolars, and anterior teeth with deep pits and fissures; placed as soon as possible after eruption.